#### **DACOWITS RFI 11**



#### Office of the 21st Century Sailor

19 March 2019





- a. How does your service define DV and intimate-partner violence IPV?
- The use, attempted use, or threatened use of physical force against a person committed by a current or former spouse; by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common; by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse, parent, or guardian; or by a person who similarly situated to a spouse, parent, or guardian of the victim.
  - b. How does your service track DV and IPV incidents, to include and not limited to non-cohabitating intimate partners and previous marital partners?
- Commander, Navy Installations Command (CNIC) maintains a central child abuse and domestic abuse database to track DV and IPV incidents that are reported to the Family Advocacy Program (FAP).



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- c. Who collects DV/IPV data? Who maintains this data? Who has access to this data? How is this data transferred between commands? Is this data annotated in a Service member's (i.e., abuser) permanent record??
- CNIC collects and maintains the Navy FAP Central Registry database which tracks DV and IPV incidents. Incident related info shared only for official purposes/need to know.
- Investigative leads, information, and records shared to ensure all facts are fully developed using all resources and means available
- Only relevant info shared to those who need to know for performance of their duties. Cases may be flagged in Service member's record
  - d. What process ensure communication, coordination and notification occurs with civilian authorities, to include incidents outside installation, involve civilian partner, or civilian court?
- Policy directs community approach among medical, legal, security, investigations, chaplains, Fleet and Family Support Centers, commands and civilian agencies. Military Protection Orders (MPO) are placed in the National Crime Info Center and civilian law enforcement are informed.

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- e. What can commands do to assist a servicewoman who is being abused by a non-military member?
- Commanders may bar the individual from the installation
- Refer allegations of abuse to the appropriate law enforcement agency
- f. Are there different factors to consider when the DV/IPV victim lives on-base vice off-base? What resources are provided to servicewomen who need temporary shelter? With children?
- Victims have access to services 24 hours a day through either personal or telephonic contact.
  - ➤ Information and referral assistance, risk assessment, safety planning, and temporary shelter as needed.
  - Communication and coordination with relevant agencies and professionals
  - Case counseling with the victim, and family member as appropriate

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- g. How are restraining orders handled when two members are assigned to the same base or same unit?
- Alleged abusers may be temporarily reassigned, not as a punitive measure, but for maintaining good order and discipline in command
- Commanders must ensure due process of law, but also protect the safety and well-being of victims and family members
- When concerns for the safety and well-being of Service members or their dependents, a permanent change of station transfer prior to normal projected rotation date may be authorized



#### **Questions?**



#### Office of the 21<sup>st</sup> Century Sailor OPNAV N17

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